EVENING TELEGRAPH.

10 CENTS PER WEEK | DIXON, ILLINOIS WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 24, 1886 | NUMBER 692

S. G. AUSTIN & CO

CARPETS.

Rather early for carpets—some prudent people are buying them all the same.

We are displaying a perfect assortment of

Velvet Auxministers

Body Brussels,

Tapestry Brussels,

All Wool Ingrains,

Tapestry Ingrains,

Hall and Stair,

Hemp and Rag

CARPETS,

LOWEST PRICES.

S. G. AUSTIN & CO

—Rock River continues to fall.

—Maj. John T. Cheney is here from Sioux City.

—Will McBride left for Cedar Rapids last night.

—Peter Wilhelm, of express fame, is here greeting old friends.

—Miss Maggie Prindavill, living near Woosung, died this morning.

—Misses Lena and Hattie Hubbard and John Lowry, of Sterling, were in the city last evening to attend the party.

—Charles H. Gardner has returned from his Dakota visit quite refreshed after a rest from his official labors.

—Judge Farrand has departed for the Indiana home of his boyhood, to spend a few days visiting with his parents.

—Maj. A. J. Pinkham, formerly citizen of Dixon, and one of the "Thirteenth boys," has accepted an appointment as cashier of a National Bank at Ketchen, Idaho.

—"Nathan Hetler" announced as a candidate for Highway Commissioner, was a mistake, although it appeared in this paper.

—The Rev. William P. Jones, born June 21, 1801, for nearly forty years a member of the Rock River Conference of the M. E. church died at Mount Morris Saturday.

—Perfectly enchanting, was the remarks of the ladies. Immense, said the boys. These remarks were made at the Opera House last evening as Tony Lopotinia string band discoursed their beautiful music for the benefit of the dancers. A thoroughly good time was had by all.

—The north wall of the mill race, just above Fletcher's factory, gave way today and quite a hole for the water to escape resulted; but the break is not serious and what there is of it is being repaired by Mr. Waslie in good shape. The break occured in the same place where the foundation wall, some years ago, gave way and was filled in with loose stone.

—It is not for a poetry and delicate sentiment that THE TELEGRAPH prints the following, but simply because of the ingenuity displayed by the unknown author in spelling:

A farmer once called his cow "Zephyr,"
She seemed such an amiable hephyr,
When the farmer drew near,
She kicked off his ear.
And now the old farmer's much dephyr.

When it is born in mind that "Bishop" Oberly has for some years been the manager of Democratic politics in Illinois—Chairman of the committee of which Joe Mackin, now in the penitentiary, was the adviser—and that "Bishop" Oberly has achieved a reputation the very opposite of that of a non-spoilsman, the nature of his appointment as Civil-Service Commissioner will be appreciated.—*Ex.*

—We printed the notice formally dissolving the firm of Pratt & Wright, boot and shoe dealers of this city. We regret in that connection to note that Mr. Wright contemplates returning to his former home, Oskosh, where he will go into the same business engaged in here. We regret to part with him, and his lady as their society will be much missed. Frank has the best wishes of a host of friends made here. Mr. Pratt will continue the business at the old stand.

—The Northwestern is selling tickets to-day from Dixon to San Francisco at twenty-nine dollars first class, and seventeen dollars second class. Cheap ride to the Pacific coast.

—Another lodge was organized here last night, of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. The first organization here had become so large that this was deemed advisable. The officers S. D. Porter, P. G. M.; Dan Curran, W. M.; M. Jordan, Foreman; C. J. Turney, Overseer; Thos. Sullivan, R.; F. J. Haley, Financier; A. J. Graff, Receiver; C. M. Cropsey, Guide; Wm. Rock, I. W.; Jas. Harkins, O. W. Trustees: T. A. Ford, M. Jordan, J. Donnelly. Eugene Pinkney was the acting Grand Deputy. D. R. Bowles has a commission fron the grand lodge to organize lodges in Lee and Ogle counties. The new lodge starts off with forty-two charter members.

—H. E. Hand, agent of the North-Western railroad, informs us this morning that he is now selling tickets from Dixon to San Francisco for the small sum of seventeen dollars. These rates give you very comfortable cars and are for the regular through express train. You can take with you, if economy is your desire, a couple of blankets and after leaving Omaha you will have comfortable bunks to sleep in without further expense. Then take a supply of luncheon and you can make the trip to the Golden Gate of the Pacific Slope at a little the cheapest excursion rates ever known.

However, you can, if you so desire, now take a trip to California in as fine style as any prince or a Croesus would wisn to go, and at an expense not to exceed that required in living at home, ordinarily. Our agent here is to-day selling tickets from Dixon to San Francisco for the small sum of twenty-nine dollars. Round trip tickets are selling for sixty-six dollars, for first class. There is only this draw back to these cheap rates. Should you buy your ticket to day and there would come another big reduction in the prices to-morrow you would be as mad as amarch hare that yuo were in such haste.

—The surviving members of the Thirteenth Illinois Infantry, which was about the first regiment that was mustered into the service of the United States in the late war for the Union, will have a re union here on the 24th day of next May; that being the anniversary of their formally and legally taking up arms for the defense of their country. There was a meeting of a few of the members at Col. Noble's residence one evening recently for the purpose of making some sort of a movement in completing an organization for making preparations for the great day. Martin Ables, of Springfield, is the originator of the proposed reunion and he has, for several months, been corresponding with the ex-boys in blue with the object in view of having as many as possible present on the 24th. He has heard from about two hundred of the members, and all speak in pleasant terms of such an affair. The Thirteenth, we believe, has never had a reunion and it is about time that such an occasion was enjoyed by them. It was suggested at the meeting above mentioned that all residents of Dixon, who belong to the regiment, should act as an executive committee. THE TELEGRAPH is pleased that the good work for such a reunion has been organized.

—At an early hour on Tuesday evening a large audience assembled in Chapel Hall at the College to enjoy a musical treat furnished by Miss Ella G. Richards, assisted by her chorus classes and private pupils. While all acquitted themselves admirably, it may not be out of place to particularize somewhat. The choruses were executed in a spirited way which called forth frequent applause. Miss Richarsd ought to feel flattered by her success in teaching the college boys and girls to sing; it being undoubtedly more difficult than teaching their young ideas how to shoot. The male quartet, consisting of Messrs Harden, Detweiler, Lichtenwalter and Olmstead, sang "Forsaken" in a manner which made everybody feel lonely, but some time afterwards, with the assistance of Mr. Daly, relieved the gloom with "Wait till the Clouds Roll By, Jennie." In our private opinion, a male quartet takes the lead in the music line. "The Song of the Triton," by Mrs. Dille, Miss Elerding, Mr. Detweiler and Olmstead, was a decided "hit." The duet, "O, Morning Land!" sung by Miss Carrie Smith and Mr Harden, was highly appreciated. Miss Smith has a voice of much promise. One of the best things was a solo, "Down By The Sea," by Mr. Olmstead. He was enthusiastically encored and responded with "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep." This young gentleman has a bass voice of great compass, and his low notes are especially rich. The ladies quartet, Mrs. Dille, Mrs. Lilly, Miss Trump and Miss Flint, was on the program for the song, "Sparrows' Twitter." Unfortunately Miss Flint was prevented from appearing by sickness, but the trio "twittered" satisfactorily. The Waltz song, "Pirates of Penzance," solo by Miss Richards, was, it is unnecessary to say, a rare treat. In response to the encore she sang "The Last Rose of Summer" in a most charming manner. The amusing song "Dinah Doe," by Mr. Harden, soloist, and full chorus, closed the concert. With Miss Richards at the head of the vocal department, we do not see why the College should not favor us with more such entertainments in the near future.

Notice is hereby given by the city council, of the city of Dixon, that the ordinance in relation to cattle, horses and hogs running at large in the streets of Dixon will be fully enforced from this date. Also any person or persons throwing brush, garbage or any offensive matter whatever upon the streets or alleys will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. By order of

ALDERMAN COMMITTEE.

Church Announcement.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH.

Services to-morrow, March 25; The Feast of The Annunciation. 10:00 a. m. service, sermon and Holy Communion. Subject, "True Womanhood." 4:30 p. m. address, "The Blessed Virgin a model for girlhood." 5:00 p. m. evening prayer.

Probate Court.

Elijah S. Parker, deceased; inventory approved.

Wayne H. Parke, deceased; claim allowed C. C. Hunt $61.50

Walter C. Koonts, deceased; list of personal property set off to winow. Inventory approved.

Cephus Clapp, deceased; notice for creditors to appear, filed.

Sherman Griswold; report approved.

Elvira E. Gates, deceased; bond of $1000. to secure proceeds of sale of real estate, approved.

Marshal Blocher, deceased; will proven and admitted to record.

Elvira E. Gates, deceased; guardian appointed. Petition to sell real estate granted.

I. S. Boardman, deceased; claims allowed Jason C. Ayers $108.34, A. K. Trusdell $15.

Joseph Brown, deceased; claims allowed H. I. Lincoln $42.00, John Bratton $37.00, A. Grim $8.00, and C. A. Lagerquest $3.70.

Catharine Harden, insane; jury called and find said Catharine Harden insane.

Johnathan Peterson, deceased; will admitted to record.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses have been issued since our last report:

Jacob D. Kelly and Mary S. Cummins; Peter Hoyle and Katie Ulrich; Ole. T. Bly and Julia J. Aga; F. U. Erbas and Barbara Weisner; N. Beun and Ada Johnson; Benjiman Holdren and Ida Ferhune; Frank B. Searles and Mrs. L. Northway; Hartman F. Kerster and Sophia Newman; A. Brese and Martha McAllister; Paul Gardner and Irene M. Babitt.

—The Sterling Gezette opens an extended editorial yesterday with these thrilling lines:

"Imagine two ladies standing on chairs, screaming at the top of their voices, and holding their skirts."

Oh! Rats, Rats.

PRAIRIE HAY.

Fine upland hay for sale.

691 853w1 DYSART & LAING.

Girl Wanted.

To do general house work. Apply at residence. MRS. N. UNDERWOOD.

691t3

The Guyer, the best, the latest at JAMES H. TODD'S. 690tf.

The finest line of spring and summer pants in the city at JAMES H. TODD'S. 690tf.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of J. H. Pratt & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. H. Pratt will continue the business at the old stand on Main street to whom all debts are to be paid and who has assumed all the liabilities of said firm.

J. H. PRATT,
March 22d, '86. F. E. WRIGHT.

N. B. All accounts must be settled at once. 691w1.

UNCLE SAM VS. BELL TELEPHONE.

Bill Filed for a Suit to Annul the Bell Telephone Patents.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 24.—United States District Attorney Kumler, Tuesday afternoon, filed in the United States circuit court the bill in equity in the case of the United States vs. the American Bell Telephone company of Massachusetts, and other companies connected therewith, and Alexander Graham Bell, respondents. The bill alleges that certain letters patent, issued to Alexander Graham Bell, dated March 7, 1886, numbered 174,465, were illegally and improperly procured to be issued by reason of certain facts thereafter more fully set forth; that this bill in equity is brought as a mere means of causing justice to be done, etc. It then alleges that Bell so framed his application that it should be ambiguous, and did not include a claim for transmitting speech, and asks for the annulment of the patent.

The attorneys representing the government are John Goode, solicitor general and acting attorney general in this case; Phillip Bates Kemler, district attorney for the southern district of Ohio; Allen G. Thurman, Grosvenor P. Lowry, Heaton Chandler, Charles S. Williams, and D. Humphries, special counsel.

Iowa Legislature.

DES MOINES, Iowa, March 24.—Knights labor bill was discussed in the senate Tuesday and recommitted. Numerous remonstrances from business men were read against making employers responsible for disasters caused by employes. The bill making drunkenness punishable by increased fines for recurring offences was ordered engrossed. In the house the bill allowing judges during vacation to admit to bail or commit was passed. The Sweeney bill was considered by sections but finally postponed until next Tuesday. The bill locating the supreme court at Des Moines was passed and now only needs the governor's signature.

Now, Who Is John Wilson?

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 24.—A beer bottle was fished out of the slip at the foot of Louisiana street Monday, and the following epistle, written in a clear hand in lead pencil, was found in it: "I drank the contents of this bottle and committed suicide June 8, 1885. The money with which I bought the stuff was the balance of $15,000. After having emptied the bottle, I thought I would die happy. Carry the news to Balee. (Signed) John Wilson, Chicago." There is no record of the finding of Wilson's body.

Prussia and the Papacy.

BERLIN, March 24.—The committee on the church bill has submitted a report to the upper house of the Prussian diet which includes amendments relating to the reopening of Catholic seminaries. By the provisions of the amendments all of the seminaries are to be reopened except those in the dioceses of Gnesen, Posen and Culm. The government insists that the teachers in all or the seminaries shall be Germans, but beyond this requirement no restrictions will be laid upon the appointmen t of instructors.

THE Chicago Tribune

Great Reduction in Price.

Beginning Monday, March 22d, the Chicago Tribune announces a great reduction in the price of its week-day issues from five to three cents for single copies. The regular price at all news-stands, by newsboys, and on all railroad trains, will be three cents per copy.

The terms to mail subscribers will be reduced from $10 to $8 per year. The price hereafter will be one year $8; six months $4; three months for $2, and six weeks for $1.

The wholesale rate to country dealers and news agents is reduced from the former price of $3 per one hundred copies to $2.25 per one hundred copies, postage prepaid by The Tribune Company.

(The price of the big triple-sheet Sunday remains unchanged.)

This great reduction in the price of The Tribune will not alter its character as a complete newspaper in every respect, as it will continue to print all the news, and publish the best daily paper in the United States. On the basis of quality and quantity of reading matter it is the cheapest journal in the entire West. Self interest should prompt every reader to buy it.

690t2.

CHAS. MULKINS,

Painting and Paper Hanging

References; TILLSON & HAYDEN.

684m2

DIXON STEAM LAUNDRY.

Laundry work done in first-class style; also Family Washings. Goods called for and delivered.

JOHN A. BENJAMIN.

[691m2]

5,000 YDS.

New Embroideries

Good Ingrain Carpet 20c.,
Hemp Carpet 18c,
Tapistry Brussels, 55c

We can show the best assortment of

CARPETS!

Ever brought to Dixon.

1000 LBS.

Carpet Warp

Just Received,

BRUBAKER & CARPENTER

C. C. GODFREY

—Dealer in—

Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES.

Finest line of

Canned Goods

IN THE CITY.

Choice Brands Tobacco and Cigars

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

MAIN STREET, DIXON.

Tillson & Hayden

LEADERS IN

FINEST WALL PAPER

PAINTS, OILS

—AND—

CURTAINS!

670m1

COAL, COAL

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

This very true old saying must be TWICE TRUE, when it can be obtained at the same price. We are now receiving from another mine, some of the

BEST HARD COAL

Ever sold in Dixon, and will sell it

—AT—

LOWEST PRICES.

And guarantee satisfaction. Try it and be happy.

Soft Coal and Kindling Constantl on Hand.

TELEPHONE NO. 19.

L. D. PITCHER, Prop

S. D. PORTER, Agent.

A STRUGGLE FOR LIFE

IS THE WAY A KNIGHT OF LABOR LOOKS AT IT.

No Way Out of a Fight to the Bitter End, Even to the Stoppage of Everything in the Country—An Outrage Near Sedalia—Arrests of Strikers—Engines Disabled.

ST. LOUIS, March 24.—The Republican prints an interview with a member of the executive committee of the Knights of Labor, in which he says:

"I'm afraid the worst is to come yet. I dread it, but there is no help for it."

"What do you mean?"

"It would not be proper for me to talk officially, but as a friend to St. Louis and a friend to the strikers I tell you that there is a dark future ahead for the business men of St. Louis. We are driven to it and there is no way out of it. If we were to submit now and return to work without a recognition for the Knights of Labor it would be the most important victory won this century by capital over labor, by the large corporations over the labor organizations. It would be a defeat not only for the Knights of Labor, but also for the labor union, for the trades assembly, and for every labor organization, not only in St. Lous, but of the whole country. Next week some other labor organization would be denied recognition by the corporation that is most directly connected with it. The Gould system in this fight is receiving the backing of the eastern railroad corporations, and every large corporation of every discription, east, west, north, and south, is watching this fight and siding with Jay Gould."

"The Knights of Labor throughout the country are to be called out?"

"No, not quite so bad yet. I hope it will never come to that. The present fight is only against the railroads. We will wait a couple of days, perhaps three or four, in the hope that some way of escape from the conflict may show itself, and then, if the situation remains unchanged for the better, every freight train on every road running out of St. Louis and every freight train on every road running out of Chicago will be stopped. Some 6,000 men now employed on roads centering in Chicago will stop work. They will have no brakemen, no firemen, no switchmen, no yard-helpers, no freight-handlers in the freight-houses, and with engineers and conductors alone they can not move their freight. We will leave the trackmen and enough men to run the mail trains and a few accommodation trains, but not a wheel of a single freight-car can be turned, until the Knights of Labor, the great labor organization of the country, are recognized. It is a matter of necessity to us. If we fail after calling out the Knights on the roads centering in St. Louis and Chicago the order will be extended to all eastern and southern roads, embracing the entire country, and if it comes to the worst the strike will be made to embrace every large manufactory and every large business industry in the country. Defeat means enslavement, and death is preferable. I don't mean to say that all the wrong in this fight has been on the side of the railroad company and all the right on our side. Not at all. To tell the truth, I think it was a grave mistake to order that strike against the Missouri Pacific without first laying our grievances before the company and asking that they he heard and righted. That was a serious mistake, almost an unpardonable blunder; but the mistake once made, and the matter having been carried so far, an issue having been made against the Knights of Labor, we can not go back on it, but must fight it out to the end."

Tuesday was a day of considerable excitement, and rumors have flown thick and fast, yet nothing has occurred except the somewhat exciting scenes attendant upon the attempt of the Missouri Pacific to run out a freight train. The truth is there is a sort of hesitancy on both sides to come up for the final bout. Every hour of delay is improved by both forces in strengthening their lines, and neither feel like taking a very decided offensive.

There is no telling when more men will be called out by the Knights, and there is no knowing what move the railway people will next make.

The result of the meeting of citizens called for Wednesday night will probably be awaited by all before any further steps are taken on either side. The indications, however, are that upon that result hinges much.

DITCHED THE TRAIN.

Several Men Hurt—The Fish-Plate Carefully Removed.

SEDALIA, Mo., March 24.—At 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon a freight train was gotten out of the yards under strong police guard, and when the city limits were reached the sheriff and his deputies took charge of it. When about three miles from the city the engine and six cars were ditched. The engineer and fireman jumped from the engine before the train left the track and escaped unhurt. One deputy sheriff and a citizen of Sedalia who had volunteered to act as a guard, and who were on the top of the train, were caught in the wreck and fatally injured. Three other special officers were also seriously hurt. Two thousand people went out to view the wreck. The engine lies on its side and the cars and contents are a total wreck.

An examination of the track showed that the fish-plates had all been taken off and thrown upon the embankment. The bolts which held them in their places had been carefully taken out and the nuts replaced.

Engines Disabled by a Mob.

ATCHISON, Kan., March 24.—About 1:30 Tuesday morning a mob of about 150 masked men entered the shops of the Central branch and ordered the watchmen, fifteen in number, to go into the oil house. One of the men, who was inclined to resist, had a revolver poked under his nose. The mob then proceeded to further disable the engines in the shops by bending the piston valve rods and taking away the link lifters, after which they dispersed. The whole job was completed in fifteen minutes.

At 10:30 at night a train of eighteen cars was made up for Kansas City and started out with Marshal Price on the engine. When it had passed outside the city limits 200 men suddenly appeared. They climbed on the cars, set the brakes and, after bringing the train to a halt, drew the fire from the engine and carried off all the coupling-pins and links.

In the afternoon all the switchmen struck for the wages now paid at Chicago.

Protected by Winchesters.

DENISON, Tex., March 24.—At 1 o'clock Monday a switch engine was brought out of the Missouri Pacific round house for the purpose of switching freight cars to be unloaded. Several cars of beer, ice and oil were switched to the unloading tracks. Fully 1,000 strikers and citizens had assembled to see what would be done. The strikers made a move to disable the engine but as if by magic a force of deputy sheriffs appeared armed with Winchester rifles. They ordered the strikers to stand back and stood ready to fire at the first man that made a break. Strikers made no further attempt to stop the work, but remained standing around. Five of the leading Knights were arrested and taken to jail. Excitement runs very high, and serious trouble is expected. The Knights swear no freight train shall move, and it is evidently the intention of the officers to take freight trains out. Business is almost at a standstill.

Strikers Arrested.

PALESTINE, Tex., March 24.—At 5 o'clock Tuesday afternoon a large crowd of strikers and others assembled about the railroad yards and made threatening demonstrations. The sheriff arrested four leaders and jailed them at 8 p. m. The strikers are gathering and excitement is running high. A jail delivery is talked of and serious apprehensions are felt for the safety of railway property.

Notes of Discontent.

Fifteen hundred morocco workers of Wilmington, Del., have stopped work, because the manufacturers refused to meet them and talk over their grievances.

A slight riot took place in Dayton, Ohio, on the attempt of the street car company to run a couple of cars over the line. The second car was overturned, and in the melee several heads were broken.

The Knights of Labor in an agreement with the Woburn, Mass., tanners, undertake to enforce a uniform scale of prices all over the country.

Four thousand dress and cloak makers are on a strike in New York against the contract system.

WHY NOT SEE THE WORLD?

Travel Is Cheaper Than Staying at Home—Cheap Rates by Land and Water.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Another complication has arisen in the war of cut rates to San Francisco that is now being waged by the trunk lines. The Pacific Mail Steamship company has announced that it has reduced its passenger and freight rates to meet the cut of the railway companies. The regular rates of the steamship company to San Francisco are $127 for cabin and $70.50 for steerage passengers. Tuesday the price was reduced to $40 for first-class and $20 for steerage passage. The average freight rate has been reduced to 35 cents per 100 pounds. The rate of the trunk lines to San Francisco for first-class is $49.50; second-class, $34. The Baltomore & Ohio sells about $5 under these rates.

The fact that the steamship company's rates include meals and sleeping accommodations, for which the railroad charge extra, makes a big difference between the rates. The ticket scalpers have cut the railroad prices to meet the reduction of the Pacific Mail. The latter will now run three steamers monthly instead of two.

OLD TIME MILL ON THE CREEK.

Warren Takes the Feather-Weight Slugging Championship from Barnes.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 24.—A fight with small gloves took place Tuesday morning at 6 o'clock at Mill Creek, forty-five miles from this city between Tommy Barnes, of New York, heretofore champion feather-weight of America and Tommy Warren, of Louisville, for $250 a side and feather-weight championship, Queensberry rules. Warren fought at 118 pounds and Barnes at 117½. Forty-five desperate rounds were fought, Barnes scoring first blood and first knock down, in the first part, after which Warren had everything his own way. Though Barnes fought on the offensive, Warren punished him severely, Barnes being unable to hit him. In the forty-fifth round after having pounded Barnes' face severely, Warren succeeded in knocking him out. The fight is pronounced by all, as one of the fairest and most stubborn on record. It lasted three hours and twenty minutes.

Sixty-Five Millions in War Ships.

LONDON, March 24.—Ship-builders and iron-masters throughout Great Britain are jubilant over the passage by the house of the large naval estimates demanded by Lord Ripon. There is little prospect of any great demand for new merchant steamers during the coming season, owing to the continued depression in the carrying trade, so that there was a very poor outlook for any extensive revival of ship building or for finding work for the thousands of unemployed artisans whose work of various kinds contributes to the making of ships. The voting of the naval estimates however, involves the expenditure of nearly $65,000,000, and contemplates more construction work on naval vessels during the next twelve months than has been undertaken by England in any one of the past thirty years. This, while not sufficient to entirely relieve the present depression, will at least give a considerable impetus to ship-building and its attendant industries.

More Dangerous Than the Unloaded Gun.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 24.—At 9 o'clock Tuesday morning a terrific natural gas explosion occurred in the barshop of William Koeniganer, on Franklin avenue, east end, burning Koeniganer in a terrible manner about the head and body and totally wrecking the building and contents, besides damaging the adjoining confectionery of Joseph Burnstein. Koeniganer had the gas connected with his shop for the first time Monday. On closing the shop at night he failed to entirely shut the valve, allowing the gas to escape into the room. In the morning, on placing fire in the stove, the gas was ignited with the above result. Koeniganer is seriously but not fatally hurt. The damage will amount to several thousand dollars.

Bulgaria Beards the Bear.

SOFIA, March 24.—The Bulgarian government has suspended all of its Russophile newspapers in the principality and arrested thirteen leading members of the Conservative party who are partisans of M. Zankoff, formerly prime minister of Bulgaria. M. Zankoff is a pronounced Russophile and it was during his administration that Russia exercised her strongest influence over the government of Bulgaria. The Bulgarian government is now determined to eliminate the Russian element and other arrests are expected.

A Trip to the Orange Groves.

CHICAGO, March 24.—The Chicago & Eastern Illinois (Danville route) will start a train from Chicago on Wednesday, March 31, and another on Thursday, April 1, for Jacksonville, Fla., making the trip in forty hours. The fare by these trains for the round trip will be $25, and the tickets will be good for thirty days. This will give those interested in the land of oranges an opportunity to observe just how much damage the frost did down there last winter.

The Rock Island Railway Mystery.

CHICAGO, March 24.—The officials of the Rock Island Railway company and the United States Express company both unite in saying that no new discoveries have been made in the recent railway robbery, and all seem to be getting hopeless of the capture of the robbers.

Canada's Premier Ill.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 24.—The illness of Sir John A. McDonald has taken a turn for the worse and he is now suffering severely from sciatica.

NOT TWO HOURS BEHIND.

A Detective Who Thinks He Will Scoop That Big Reward.

BRAIDWOOD, Ills., March 24.—A man claiming to be a detective officer reached this place from Morris Tuesday afternoon, coming across the country, there being no direct railroad communication, and claimed to be in hot pursuit of one of the criminals who participated in the murder and robbery on the night of the 21st inst. in one of the Chicago & Rock Island Railway company's express-cars near Morris. He stated that he had been on the trail of his man for forty-eight hours, and that he was then but an hour and a half behind him. The officer said he felt confident that the whole gang of conspirators alluded to would be arrested within twenty-four hours.

PEORIA, Ill., March 24.—Detectives here have in their possession what is believed to be an important clew in the express robbery and murder case. It consists of a blood-stained handkerchief and a bundle of papers found at Chillicothe, near the culvert under which the bloody shirt was found a few days ago. The find was made by Elijah Humphrey, who lives near Chillicothe, while passing a hedge in the vicinity of the culvert. The handkerchief bears the name of a Joliet man, but who he is the detectives who have possession of the article refuse to make known. It is the universal opinion here that the robbers, after completing their bloody work, came down the Illinois river.

Did Him an Injustice.

CHICAGO, March 24.—A telegram published in The Mail of this city was sent out in these dispatches Tuesday morning alleging that Dr. Moss, late of Indiana university, was accused of swindling. The Mail of Tuesday afternoon has the following relating to the telegram: "In The Mail yesterday appeared a dispatch from Bloomington, Ind., entitled "Dr. Moss Accused of Being a Swindler," reflecting very severely upon the conduct of Dr. Lemuel Moss and his son, Charles H. Moss, of this city. investigation satisfies The Mail that the accusation of an attempt to swindle a widow, or in anywise wrong her, by these gentlemen, or either of them, is without foundation in fact."

Damages for a Delayed Telegram.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The Western Union Telegraph on July 21, 1884, delivered a message addressed "Thomas W. Pearsall" at that gentleman's broker office. Mr. Pearsall was out of town, and the message was unopened until his return. It was an order to buy 1,000 shares Western Union stock, and the delay caused Mr. Pearsall considerable loss. He found that the sender of the message had addressed it to "Thomas W. Pearsall & Co.," and as the failure to transmit the last two words had caused the delay, he sued the company for $1,75. damages. The company set up as a defense the failure of the sender to pay for repeating the message, but judgment for Mr. Pearsall was rendered in the supreme court.

News Dealers Don't Like It.

CHICAGO, March 24.—The reduction of The Tribune to 3 cents a copy is not received with great enthusiasm by the news dealers. They say they have to pay 2¼ cents per copy in cash for every Tribune they buy and ¾ of a cent is too small a margin to sell on, considering the chances they take of loss from left-over papers and non-paying patrons. Under the old price they paid 2½ cents per copy and sold for 5 cents. There is talk of a combined refusal to sell The Tribune by all the news dealers in the city, unless a larger margin for profit is allowed.

Bright Approves Gladstone's Plans.

LONDON, March, 24.—The Pall Mall Gazette referring to a two hours interview last Saturday between Mr. Gladstone and Mr. John Bright says it is not true, as was reported at the time, that Mr. Bright expressed himself as strongly opposed to the premier's Irish proposals. On the contrary The Gazette says Mr. Bright was struck with the ingenuity and originality of the scheme, and has repeatedly expressed his approval of it since the interview.

Not Able to Attend to the Matter.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Ex-President Arthur has declined to serve a second term as president of the Grant Monument association. He states that his inability to devote to its duties the time, attention and effort which they demand leads him to insist that they, be committed to other, not more willing but more efficient, hands than his.

Pledged to Hang on to Their Land.

EUFALIA, I. T., March 24.—The delegates from the five civilized tribes of Indians in convention here have entered into a compact pledging themselves that no nation, a party to the compact, shall without the consent of all the other parties cede or in any manner alienate to the United States any part of their present territory.

1886

ANNOUNCEMENT!

The place to buy your

Boots and Shoes

And all kinds of

FOOT WEAR

—AT—

BOTTOM PRICES

Every day in the year.

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REPAIRING NEATLY DONE!

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J. V. THOMAS

Opera Block, Dixon.

PARIS

STEAM LAUNDRY!

226 Washington Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

Benjamin Brothers, Proprietors.

Orders left at Todd's Store, Dixon, will receive prompt attention, at home. prices, express free.

A. C. & E. F. Benjamin.

AYER'S SUGAR CATHARTIC COATED PILLS

CURE

Headache, Nausea, Dizziness, and Drowsiness. They stimulate the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, to healthy action, assist digestion, and increase the appetite. They combine cathartic, diuretic, and tonic properties of the greatest value, are a purely vegetable compound, and may be taken with perfect safety, either by children or adults. E. L. Thomas, Framingham, Mass., writes: "For a number of years I was subject to violent Headaches, arising from a disordered condition of the stomach and bowels. About a year ago I commenced the use of Ayer's Pills, and have not had a headache since." W. P. Hannah, Gormley P. O., York Co., Ont., writes: "I have used Ayer's Pills for the last thirty years, and can safely say that I have never found their equal as a cathartic medicine. I am never without them in my house." C. D. Moore, Elgin, Ill., writes: "Indigestion, Headache, and Loss of Appetite, had so weakened and debilitated my system, that I was obliged to give up work. After being under the doctor's care for two weeks, without getting any relief, I began taking Ayer's Pills. My appetite and strength returned, and I was soon enabled to resume my work, in perfect health."

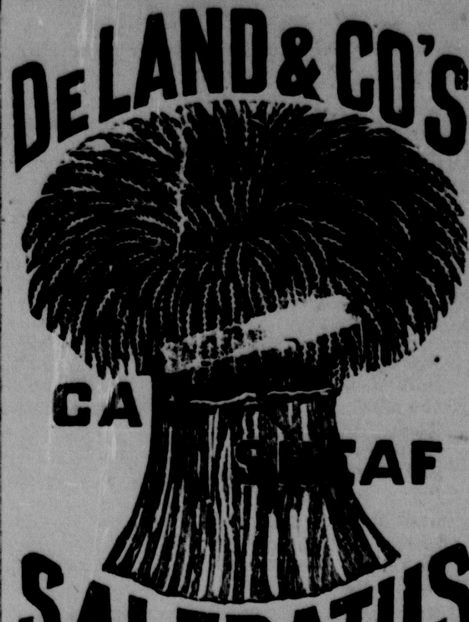
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Best in the World.

For sale by TURNEY & HENESEY

M. CAHILL,

The Tailor

And dealer in

WOOLENS.

One door west of the Lee Co. National Bank Main Street, Dixon, has now on hand and is receiving

As Fine A Line of Goods, Foreign and Home Manufacture

As Can be Found West of Chicago

Which will be made up

At Reasonable Prices

Cash or Prompt Paying Customers.

H. J. DREW,

—Dealer in—

GUNS RIFLES, REVOLVERS, POWDER, SHOT

And all kinds of

Sporting Supplies.

Re Boring Shot Guns for CLOSE Shooting a Specialty.

Gun stocks crooked to any desired drop, so that the gun is actually "fitted to the hunter." Mr. Drew has quite a fame for this work. He has the

FINEST LOT OF GUNS

Outside the Large Cities. Sewing Machines Repaired and adjusted, and made to run as GOOD AS NEW. Remember the place on Galena Street, near the bridge, Dixon, Ill.

Klossowski & Frank.

New Millinery Store

Corner Main and Hennepin St.

Mrs. Klossowski & Frank have opened a New Millinery Store and respectively solicit customers. They are now receiving a stock of Millinery and Embroidery of Latest Styles.

In addition to our new stock of Fancy Goods, we have added a full line of the latest and most graceful designs for Art Embroidering and Kensington Painting, and are prepared to do stamping by the French process; guaranteed perfect. 806wtf

CLARK & ANDERSON,

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HOUSE, SIGN and CARRIAGE

PAINTING

Office over Rosenthal's clothing Dixon, Ills.

"WHAT WAIT I FOR?"

A SERMON TO THOSE VERY TIMOROUS AND SINFUL ONES

Who Linger Shivering on the Brink of a Religious Conviction—Sam Small Gives Up Tobacco, but Brother Jones Doesn't Feel That Way Yet.

CHICAGO, March 24.—The Casino rink was filled with people Tuesday night when Sam Jones commenced his discourse from the text: What wait I for? My hope is in Thee.

Here, he said, is a very practical question and a very wise conclusion, and we notice it is a very personal question. Now let all here to-night who have not given themselves to God ask themselves "What wait I for?" No one can do this for you. No one can repent for you, or bear the cross for you, or wear for you the starry crown that may be yours. How can man be religious without making it a personal matter? If a man writes or talks out his heart he appears egotistical. Will you run through the discussion with me and get your part as we go along, and I'll get on your side and reason to-night. There is too much of pulpit talk. "What wait I for?" There is a man out there waiting for time to consider this great question. Consider what? Do you want time to consider whether right is wrong? Don't you know it is better to be good than to be bad? Don't you know which is better, to die happy and go to heaven or live miserably and go to hell? Can you look me in the face and talk that kind of nonsense? There is not a man of sense 40 years old in this house but done settled those questions twenty-five years ago. When you look at the infinite goodness of God and the infinite badness of the devil, it is the most ridiculous proposition to want time to consider the question. "What wait I for?" Another said he was not waiting for time to consider, but he was waiting for better terms. Your preachers are too hard on us fellows. You want to wait till you can play cards and drink and be a Christian. Waiting for better terms! You want an easy religion. Well, now, if you do, some of the churches of this town will accommodate you. [Laughter.] That is, they will accommodate you as far as they run their train. [Renewed laughter.] There are a great many little branch roads in this country advertising themselves as the great trunk roads to glory. I say there are a great many such that will accommodate you as far as they run their trains, but there is only one grand trunk-line, and it runs through a beautiful country. One of its first stations is conviction; then there is conversion. I stopped there, and it's a beautiful city. Then there is obedience, and up further is brotherly love, and it ends in glory. If you ever step aboard you want to be sure you have a through ticket and never stop off anywhere. I believe the Methodist brethren sometimes let some off part way, but let us go through. [Laughter.] I'm waiting for easier terms. I love the church, I love God, and I love religion, but I want to go an easy way. Hear me! We hear of people telling of the great sacrifices they have made in order to be religious. They say I threw every sin of my life into one bundle and turned, and before I had gone twenty steps the Lord filled my pocket with $20 gold-pieces. What a sacrifice to give up every sin. Some people in this town think I haven't, and think tobacco is a sin, and I'm glad to say Brother Small took all his stock on Sunday and threw it into the grate, and quit. He said he didn't do it because he believed it a sin, but they had kept him at it so that he was beginning to get resentful, and as soon as I get to feel that sort of feeling in my heart I'm going to give it up too. [Loud Laughter.] I'm not going to let anything stand between me and heaven. If you think a thing is a sin, give it up. If you think a thing harmful, give it up. I think Brother Moody never said a thing that was more true than that a man could be a Christian and use tobacco, but he would be a nasty Christian. [Laughter.] The terms of Christianity are simply that we cease to do evil and learn to do well. There is another fellow down there who is waiting for the church to get rifiht. Yes, and you'll be in hell a million years first. I think we are getting along swimmingly if we only have one hundred devils out of twelve hundred members. We are running on apostolic time. [Laughter.] If there is anything in this world disgusts me it is for an old sinner to walk into the church and drag out its meanest, crookedest, most trifling member and measure with him and say: "Just look, boys, I'm within just that trifle as large as he is." Why not take out the best member of the church and lay down and measure with him? You wouldn't be seen within a mile of him. You would look like a rat terrier by an elephant. [Laughter.]

Come into the church and live with the hypocrites, and then go to heaven and get rid of them. I've got all the hypocrites in my rear. [Prolonged laughter at the expense of the row of Clergymen, at whom Mr. Jones had unconsciously waved his hand.] How can any one at my rear hinder me? "I'm waiting for the church to get right." Brother, lets you and I tote our own skillets and let the rest alone. I'll never pick at the meanness of another man and make it an excuse for me to be mean, too. Thank God, the very fact there is one hypocrite in Chicago is proof that the genuine is in Chicago. One old fellow told me one day that he couldn't love his neighbor like himself. I never had that trouble. I got a good look at myself thirteen years ago, and I saw how mean I was, and I never see a man but I think he's far ahead of Sam Jones. [Laughter.] Another says: "I'm waitin' for feelin'." If you want some feelin', start right out to do some good in the world. A dog runs by feelin'. If you are going to run on feelin' I'd run on rabbits—you might make a good rabbit dog on that line. Waiting for feelin' reminds me of the man who was going to cut down a tree and split it into rails, and sat waiting to sweat before he would go to work, and froze to death. [Laughter.] If you want feelin' start around and try to right the wrongs you have done. If feelin's all you're after I can fix you up so you will have all you're after by this time to-morrow night. I wish we had more fuss and noise in our religion than we have. Some of our folks are too decent to be religious. It's an honest fact. One fellow says he wants to wait until he can take the trip clear through. The devil is always seeing you in a that way. If an engineer wanted to get enough steam in his engine to make the through trip before he started he would blow the engine all to pieces. And there's a little fellow out there waiting to get enough religion to take him clear to glory, and if you should get so much religion into your little soul it would blow it into ten thousand pieces. [Laughter.] All you want is enough to start with, and if you go right along you will be blowing off before you get half way to heaven [Laughter.]

At the close of the services Mr. Jones asked those who had the courage to say they wanted to start a better life to stand up, and about a dozen persons rose up. Quite a number of people went into the inquiry-room.

Sam Small was greeted by the usual large audience at Farwell hall Tuesday noon. He selected as his text:

And He said unto them, Full well ye reject the commandment of God, that ye may keep your own tradition.—Mark vii., 9.

There are two styles of preaching in vogue at the present day, he said. One style is very popular and the other is subjected to vicissitudes; at times it is popular and at times very unpopular. There is a great demand for men to preach Christ and Him crucified.

There is a style of preaching that touches nobody's vices, condemns nobody's practices, and calls nobody to the judgment to come, but shows human perfections on which the mercy of God is to come down as a great shower, and that style is very popular. I thank God that if I have one desire paramount to all others it is to preach Christ and Him crucified to you, and I know not how to preach it unless I preach against this continual crucifying of Him daily. I can not preach it unless I preach against the spirit that is making the same wounds in His body that were made 1,800 years ago. And, as Christ is my judge, I shall try to preach nothing but that. Can you dare say that the commandments of God are the ruling and prevailing influence of the actions of men? You can not do it, and you know if there are errors and laxes of humanity you can put the blame upon the rejection of the commandments of God and the substitution therefor of the traditions of men. Why is it men do not want to keep the commandments of God? There is but one thing to interfere, and it is the desires and ambitions and lusts which are gratified by the traditions of men. And if a man so influenced professes to live according to the life of Christ he is a hypocrite.

NO END TO THE TALK.

EIGHT MORE SENATORS WANT TO SAY A WORD

On the Edmunds Resolution—Secretary Manning Ill—A Pension for Mrs. Hancock—The Tariff Bill—Hearst to Succeed Miller from California.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 24.—Senator George said his word on the Edmunds resolutions Tuesday. His speech was principally aimed at the tenure of office law, and he showed how a great difference of opinion had existed between Republican senators on the question of its constitutionality. The other feature of his speech was an attack on the secret sessions of the senate. On this point he closed his speech as follows:

"But, sir, what right has the senate to complain of secresy? Secresy on the part of the president in relation to appointment or removals until we had removed from our own proceedings the veil of secresy which now concealed them it well becomes us to complain that other departments of the government do not choose to disclose to us reasons for their action. If the president in obedience to our constitutional demand were to send to us the evidence on which we act he would not by that submission take the American people into his confidence. He would only consign that evidence to this store house of secrets—the American senate."

Edmunds then made an attempt to have a time fixed for the close of the debate, but Cockrell said there were seven or eight more speeches to be made on the question.

MRS. HANCOCK'S PENSION

Passes Both Houses—Other Bills That Get Through—An Obstinate Member.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 24.—The senate Tuesday passed the house bill granting a pension of $2,000 per annum to Mrs. Gen. Hancock. A resolution was agreed to asking whether the postmaster general had received a resolution of the senate inquiring how many fourth-class postmasters this administration had removed. The bill to promote the efficiency of the army was then taken up and advocated by Manderson and Logan, and opposed by Beck. The bill to confirm land entries made in accordance with the rulings of the land office at time of making was passed, and the judiciary committee resolutions again came up, and Jackson and George opposed their adoption.

The house heard reports from committees favorable to the passage of the following bills: To establish a live-stock highway; to establish a bureau of public health; to repeal the pre-emption law; to appropriate $400,000 for arms for the militia; providing for instruction of the militia. The Fourth of July claims bill appropriating $238,200, was passed, and the house then went into committee on the Indian appropriation bill. The clause appropriating $1,000 for Capt. R. H. Pratt for his services at the Carlisle Indian school was stricken out on a point of order, and Nelson of Minnesota thereupon announced that he would see that there were more scalps taken, and made a point of order against a similar appropriation for the Salem, Ore., school. A number of members surrounded Nelson and tried to get him to "let up" but he was obdurate and at 4:40 the house adjourned.

SECRETARY MANNING LAID UP.

A Sudden Attack of Vertigo Causes a Fall and a Sprained Ankle.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 24.—A physician was hastily summoned to the treasury department to attend Secretary Manning shortly after his return from the cabinet meeting Tuesday afternoon between 5 and 6 o'clock. The secretary was assisted to his carriage and hastily driven home.

The following information in regard to the secretary's illness has been obtained by the United Press from Col. Daniel S. Lemont, the president's private secretary: "After Mr. Manning returned to his department from the cabinet meeting Tuesday he was attacked with vertigo and dizziness, which for a time completely prostrated him. He was taken to his residence and attended by Drs. Lincoln and Hamilton. He soon rallied under their care, and no serious results are apprehended. In falling, the secretary sprained his ankle slightly. He will probably be unable to resume his official duties for a number of days."

RANDALL HAS NOTHING TO SAY.

No Suggestions Relating to the Tariff—Carlisle's View of the Situation.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 24.—The tariff question appears to be getting into a worse tangle daily. Constant conferences are being held, but apparently to no effect. In reply to invitations to show his hand, Mr. Randall has informed members of the committee that he has no suggestions to make. His plan evidently is to await the appearance of the bill in the house, and then act as he deems proper from his standpoint.

Speaker Carlisle sums up the situation very concisely. He says: "It is impossible to know and useless to speculate upon what sort of a bill the committee will finally construct."

The speaker thinks, however, that a tariff bill of some sort will be passed by the house this session.

Stevenson Explains the Matter.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 24.—First Assistant Postmaster General Stevenson disclaims any intention on the part of the department to withhold the information asked for in the senate resolution requesting the number of removed fourth class postmasters, and says that the delay referred to by Ingalls' resolution in the senate arose from the labor required to obtain from the complete list of changes in this class those that had been removed. He expected to send a reply in a few days.

A General Bridge Law.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 24.—The house committee on commerce has directed a favorable report to be made upon the bill of Mr. Weaver of Nebraska, granting the consent of congress to the erection of bridges over navigable rivers. It provides that notice must be given through the press, giving a description of the bridge, and makes provision for the prevention of interference with navigation.

Senator Miller's Successor.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 24.—Private dispatches received here from California state that Governor Stoneman has appointed George Hearst, proprietor of The San Francisco Examiner, United States senator to succeed the late Senator Miller. Mr. Hearst has been a miner in California since 1849. He is a man of large fortune, consisting of mining property and real estate.

Robbed a Postoffice.

HEMPSTEAD, Tex., March 24.—The postoffice here was robbed early Tuesday morning of $2,100, of which $700 belongs to the government. The thieves stole three horses and decamped, but are being hunted by armed citizens.

How Are the Mighty Fallen.

BOSTON, March 24.—James W. Chapman, at one time general in the Union volunteer army, and Mrs. Sarah H. Stickney were indicted Tuesday by the United States grand jury for procuring a pension by fraud. Mrs. Stickney was made to impersonate Abby M. Dudley after the latter's decease, so as to draw her $8 per month pension.

Baltimore's Mayor One Ahead.

BALTIMORE, March 24.—The sixteen members of the city council who have for so long a time refused to confirm some seventy of the mayor's appointments, have lifted the embargo upon the office of city collector, and permitted the confirmation of Samuel P. Thompson, who was named by the mayor Monday night for that position.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 23.

Quotations on the board of trade to-day were as follows: Wheat—No. 2 March, opened 75¾c, closed 76⅜c; April, opened 75⅞c, closed 76¾c; May, opened 80¼c, closed 81c. Corn—No. 2 March, opened 35c, closed 35⅜c; April, opened 35c, closed 35⅜c; May, opened 38½c, closed 38⅝c. Oats—No. 2 March, opened 25½c, closed 26⅞c; May, opened 30½c, closed 30⅝c; June, opened 30¾c, closed 31c. Pork—March, opened $9.72½, closed $9.82½; May, opened $9.82½, closed $9.90; June, opened $9.87½, closed $9.95. Lard—March, opened $5.97½, closed $6.02½.

Live Stock—From the Union stock yards the following prices are quoted to-day. Hogs—The market opened active and strong, with speculators the principal buyers; about all sold from first hands at 10c higher prices; light grades, $3.90@4.45; rough packing, $4.10@4.40; heavy packing and shipping lots, $4.30@4.60. Cattle—Bulls, $2.10@3.25; cows, $2.00@3.80; stockers, $2.75@3.60; natives, $4.25@5.60.

Produce: Butter—Fancy creamery, 30@31c per lb; select dairy, 16@20c; packing, 6@7c. Eggs—Strictly fresh-laid, 10½@11c per doz. Potatoes—In car lots on the track, Burbanks, 53@58c per bu; white rose, 50@55c; mixed lots, 40@50c; Poultry—Chickens, 9@10c per lb; turkeys, 10c; ducks and geese, 8@10c. Apples—Choice to fancy, $1.50@1.75 per bbl; seconds, 75@$1.00

New York.

NEW YORK, March 23.

Wheat—No. 2 red state, 92½c; No. 1 do $1.02; No. 1 white state, 98c; No. 2 red winter, March, 92¼c; do April, 92¾. Corn—No. 2 mixed, cash, 46½c; do. April, 45¼; do. May, 47⅜. Oats—No. 1 white state, spot, 43c; No. 2 do, 39c; No. 2 mixed March 36c bid. Rye—Dull. Barley—Nominal. Pork—Dull; new mess, $10.75@11.50. Lard—$6.30 April; $6.31 May.

Detroit.

DETROIT, March 23.

Wheat—No. 1, White, 87½c bid cash, 88c April, 89c May, 89½c June; cash Michigan red, 85½c; No. 2 red, 87½c asked cash, 89c April, 88½c May; 89½c June; No. 3 red, 85c, nominal. Corn—38c. Oats—No. 2, 32¼c bid; No. 2 white 35¾c bid.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, March 23.

Wheat—Unsettled and closing higher; No. 2 red cash, 88c bid; May, 89½c. Corn—Firm; No. 2 mixed cash, 33⅞@34c; May, 35¼c. Oats—Firm; No. 2 mixed cash, 29¾@30c; May, 30½c. Rye—Easy; 59½c. Whisky—$1.10. Pork—Steady; $10.25. Lard—$5.90.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, Ohio, March 23.

Wheat—Firm and active; cash, 8 @88¾c; March, 88c; May, 88½c; June, 89½c; August, 85¾c. Corn—Firm; cash, 38c; May, 39¼c. Oats—Nominal. Clover Seed—Firm; cash and March $4.55 April $4.50 asked.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, March 23.

Wheat—Steady, cash, 78¼c; May, 81c; June, 83⅛c. Corn—Steady; No. 36½c. Oats—Firm; No. 2, 31½c. Rye—Easy; No. 1, 64¼c. Barley—Easier; No. 2, 82¼c

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WASHBURNE'S SALICYLICA
TRADE SURE CURE. MARK.

Immediate Relief—Permanent Cure.

THE GREAT INTERNAL RHEUMATIC REMEDY and only positive cure for Acute or Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lame Back, &c. Washburne's Salicylica in ten years established and has cured more persons in that time than all the so-called "Specifics" and "Cures" combined. SECRET The only dissolver of the Poisonous Uric Acid which exists in the blood of all those troubled with Rheumatic Disorders. Endorsed by physicians and thousands of cured patients. Write for testimonials and advice free. $1.00 a box; 6 boxes for $5.00. Sold by druggists. Ask for "Washburne's Salicylica" and accept no other; or send to us. WASHBURNE SALICYLICA M'F'G CO., 287 Broadway, New York.

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CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS.

The last round trip Pullman Palace Car Excursion will leave Chicago, via the great Southern Route, March 16; tickets good for six months. Can return home another route without additional charge, and stop off at pleasure. Present rates will govern price of these tickets.

California headquarters in Chicago are at 86 Washington Street. Address, JNO. E. ENNIS, Passenger Agent, Mo. Pacific Ry.

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ONE OR MORE AT WHOLESALE PRICE.
I PAY all express charges to all points within 300 miles. 1,000 carriages to select from. Send two cent stamp for illustrated catalogue. Mention this paper.
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Plans and specifications for all kinds of building furnished on short notice. Terms Reasonable. Addres, Dixon, Ill. inois. Residence in north Dixon, near residence of E. C. Sickels.
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SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
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PURELY VEGETABLE.

Are You Bilious?
The Regulator never fails to cure. I most cheerfully recommend it to all who suffer from Bilious Attacks or any Disease caused by a disarranged state of the Liver.
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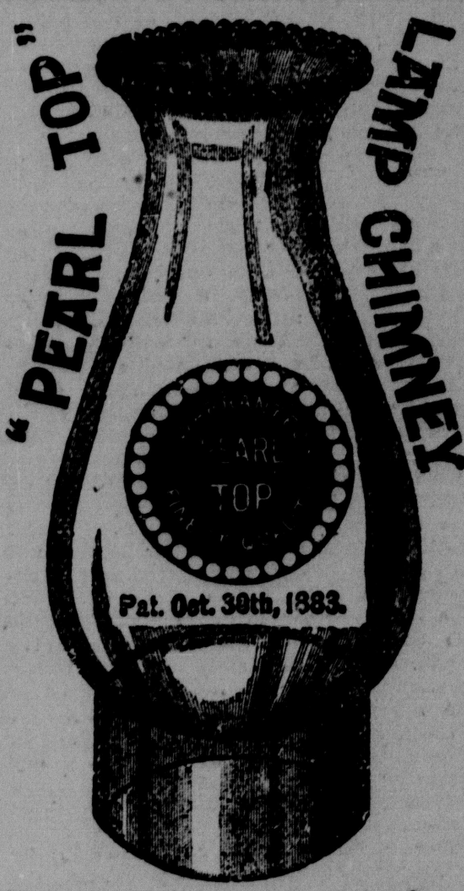
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RICHMOND, Va. H. G. CRENSHAW.

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Testimony of HIRAM WARNER, Chief-Justice of Ga.: "I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for Constipation of my Bowels, caused by a temporary Derangement of the Liver, for the last three or four years, and always *with decided benefit.*"

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I have had experience with Simmons Liver Regulator since 1865, and regard it as *the greatest medicine of the times for diseases peculiar to malarial regions.* So good a medicine deserves universal commendation.
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See that you get the genuine, with the red Z on front of Wrapper, prepared only by
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

IMMUNITY from ANNOYANCE



Made only of the finest and best quality of Glass for withstanding heat.
Every good thing is Counterfeited, and consumers are CAUTIONED against IMITATIONS of these Chimneys made of VERY POOR GLASS. See that the exact label is on each chimney as above. The Pearl Top is always clear and bright Glass.
Manufactured ONLY by
GEO. A. MACBETH & CO.
Pittsburgh Lead Glass Works.
WHOLESALE DEALERS

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS M'F'G CO.



Every Buggy sold by the middleman has several dollars added to the first price. We have no agents, but for twelve years have dealt with the consumer. We ship anywhere with privilege of examining before buying. We pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. Warrant everything for two years. One price only. Our Piazzaform Spring Wagon at $53 is same as others sell at $65. Top Buggies at $90, fine as usually sold for $125. Our Harness are all No. 1 Oak Leather. Single, $10 to $25. Double Harness, $20 to $50. 64-page Illustrated Catalogue free. Address W. B. FRANT, Secretary, Elkhart, Indiana.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN R. R.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Sterling Passenger	7:02,	A. M
Pacific Express	10:52,	"
Marshalltown Passenger	2:05,	P.
Leaves	2:20,	"
Denver Passenger	3:10,	A. M
Freight*	8:57,	P. M
Freigh	7 47,	A. M
Freight	1:43,	P. M

GOING WEST.

Sterling Passenger	7:42,	P. M
Pacific Express	3:42,	"
Marshalltown Passenger	leaves 12:45,	"
Denver Passenger	1:37,	A. M
Freight* (exeept Monday)	5:48,	"
Freight	12:25,	P. M
Freight	3:10,	"
Freight	5:46,	"

Freights carrying passengers.
Pacific Express runs every third Sunday.
H. E. HAND, Agent.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

GOING SOUTH.

Passenger†	11:04 A. M
Passenger†	3:20 "
New Passenger†	5:57, P. M.

GOING NORTH.

Passenger	2:15. P. M
Passenger	12:37 A. M
New Passenger,	6:16 A. M

W. C. WOOLEY, Agent.

†Daily except Sunday.
Daily except Monday

"AFTER MIDNIGHT COMETH MORN."

The years come and the years go,
And the leaves of life keep falling,
Carrie, falling;
And across the sunless river's flow,
With accents soft and whispers low,
The friends long lost are calling,
Carrie, calling;
While autumn his red glory wears,
And clouds oppress the sky like cares,
But the old griefs die, and new joys are born,
And after the midnight cometh morn.

The years wake, and the years sleep,
And the past is full of sorrow,
Carrie, sorrow;
The thoughtless laughs and the thoughtless weeps,
And each the fruit of his follies reaps,
For to-day is the fate of to-morrow,
Carrie, to-morrow;
And new loves tempt us to forget
The old, and old friends love us yet
So the old griefs die, and new joys are born
And after the midnight cometh morn.

The years laugh, the years sigh,
But the flowers for you are blowing,
Carrie, blowing;
As girlhood's days go dancing by,
And womanhood's blithe May is nigh,
With hopes and fancies glowing,
Carrie, glowing;
While Love his nets for you prepares,
And lurks to catch you unawares—
And the old griefs die and new joys are born
And after midnight cometh morn.

The years live and the years die,
And all they touch they sadden,
Carrie, sadden;
But still the heart can time defy,
Hope still with purple flush our sky
And sober friendship gladden,
Carrie, gladden;
And well as we have loved before
In autumn we can love once more,
For the old griefs die and new joys are born
And after midnight cometh morn.

—Albert Pike.

DUKE DE MORNY'S WILD DAUGHTER.

Spoiled and Petted Beyond Measure—A Steeplechase After Pleasure.

Sophie Mathilde Adele, Marquis de Belbeuf, is not quite twenty-three years of age. Those who expect to find in this granddaughter of a queen and daughter of a princess any of the haughty grace, the severe reticence, the strict attention to the rules of high-breeding and etiquette that one naturally associates with one's ideas of royal or imperial blood, have only to look at her portrait, as published by Dentu, to find themselves undeceived. A small head, covered with short chestnut curls like those of a boy, irregular and saucy features, an arm planted akimbo on one hip, a soft felt hat in the other hand, a goose-head umbrella leaning against a chair as accessory to the picture, all go to make up a type very different from the imagined reality. The bar-sinister on her escutcheon, traced there by her paternal grandmother, seems to have exercised a baleful influence over her life.

She has been spoiled and petted beyond measure by her mother, whose darling she has always been. She was a mere infant when her father died, and her pet name of "Bebe" seems to have clung to her, half excusing the eccentricities of her existence. She is said by her intimate friends to have the best heart and the wildest head in the world. Her life is a steeplechase in pursuit of pleasure. She cares little or nothing for the more formal amusements of society, finding local balls and operas and evening receptions anything but amusing. Her dogs, her horses, her drives in the Bois are varied by her artistic labors, for she is devoted to painting.

She is an accomplished billiard player and a "crack shot" with the pistol, a graceful fencer and an excellent musician, her favorite instrument being the violin, though the piano, harp and guitar are not neglected by her. But of all her occupations she likes best to drive herself in the Bois with her little low English wagon filled with her favorite poodles, of which she possesses a great number. Her latest freak was to import from Spain a noted dog-shearer to keep the coats of her canine darlings in good order.—Paris Letter.

Edgar Fawcett Wrote It.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The publishers of "The Buntling Ball" recently offered a $1,000 prize to be divided among successful guessers as to the name of the author. The money, it is announced, will go to those who sent in the name of Edgar Fawcett.

Another Good Man "Short."

DOVER, N. H., March 24.—A shortage of $8,500 has been discovered in the accounts of City Treasurer Franklin Freeman who died three weeks ago. He was a prominent church member and temperance advocate.

[From the Lee County Public Schools]

Memory Gems.

1. Think naught a trifle, though it smal appear;
Small sands the mountain, moments make the year,
And trifles, life. —*Young.*

2. What shall I do to gain eternal life?
Discharge aright;
The simple dues with which each day is rife?
Yea, with thy might.
Ere perfect scheme of action thou devise,
Will life be fled,
While he who ever acts as conscience cries.
Shall live, though dead.
—*Schiller.*

3. We do not chose our own parts in life, and have nothing to do with those parts. Our simple duty is confined to playing them well,
—*Epictetus.*

4. To know that which before us lies in daily life,
Is the prime wisdom.
—*Milton.*

5. Lost, yesterday, somewhere between sunrise and sunset,
Two golden hours, each set with sixty diamonds minutes.
No reward is offered, for they are gone forever.
—*Horace Mann.*

6. The talent of success is nothing more than doing what you can do well, without a thought of fame.
—*Longfellow.*

6. Blessed is the man who has the gift of making friends, for it is one of God's best gifts. —*Hughes.*

7. The golden age is before us not behind us. —*St. Simon*

8. Education begins the gentleman, but reading, good company and reflection must finish him. —*Locke.*

9. A word once spoken cannot be brought back even with a chariot and six horses. —*Chinese Proverb*

10. If we make our religion our business, God will make it our blessedness —*John Adams.*

11. No one is so accused by fate,
No one so utterly desolate.
But some heart, though unknown,
Responds unto his own.
—*Longfellow.*

12. Alike are life and death,
When life in death survives,
And the uninterrupted breath
Inspires a thousand lives.
So when a great man dies,
For years beyond our ken,
The light he leaves beyond him lies
Upon the paths of men.
—*Longfellow.*

Hope.

"The Castles in Spain" and the "Ships at Sea,"
"The Milkmaid's Gown" and the "Good time to be,"
Are creations of Hope. O, these fabrics fair
May be frail as webs, and light as air!
If the castles fall, as fall they may,
If the ships are wrecked as they near the bay,
Or the milkmaid trip and her burden fall,
And the good come late if it come at all
Shall we speedily build our castles again,
And send forth more ships in the wind and rain?
Shall we fill the pail again to the brim,
And wait the good time in the distance dim?
Ah, many a broken dream may be,
In the catacombs of our memory,
To come forth at last, as the angels may,
In form as bright and beautiful as they.

CARRIE STOW WAIT.

The Bartholdi Statute.

June 19, the famous statue by Bartholdi, of "Liberty Enlightening the World," was received at New York. The French vessel, with the statue on board, was escorted up the bay to Bedloe's island with a number of United States men-of-war and other vessels, and a formal reception was given the French committee, by a number of distinguised citizens of New York, headed by the mayor. The statue, when the pedestal is complete, is to stand on Bedloe's island—hereafter to be known as Liberty island—at the entrance to New York harbor. It is said that the idea of rearing a colossal staute here, to symbolize America's message of liberty to the world, first occurred to the sculptor, Bartholdi, when he sailed up New York bay on a visit to this country in 1870. On his return to France he suggested to his friends his idea of such a statue to be presented by the French nation to the United States. The idea was received with great favor, and so rapidly did subscriptions come in that in 1883 the sculptor began work upon his great statue. M. Bartholdi supervised every step of the work, which was not only a labor of many years, but one full of difficulty and detail. First the artist made his model in clay, and when this was approved, a plaster statue was made, in dimensions one sixteenth the size of the intended statue. Then another plaster statue was made four times as large as the first, and a second of the full dimensions of the finished work. Both of these had to be made with the utmost care, giving close attention to exactness of proportion between the parts. The last model had to be made in sections, and a wooden frame was constructed, on which the plaster was spread. When these sections in plaster were complete, wooden models were used, exact copies of the plaster in size and modeling. These were all carefully cut out by hand, and in them were shaped the *repousse*, or hammered brass work which was to make the outside of the statue. For it is plain that to construct a statue of the enormous proportions designed for this no stones large enough could be found, and no masonary would be of sufficient strength, so the framework of the figure is made of iron bars, firmly riveted together, over which are laid the sheets of hammered brass. Eighty-eight tons of brass were used in the structure, and the entire weight of the statue is 440,000 pounds. The height of the statue itself is 157½ feet, and when elevated on its complete pedestal it will tower above the bay at a height of 305 feet. Some idea of the enormous proprotions of the figure may be gained from the fact that forty persons can stand within the head, which is 14 feet high. The forefinger is eight feet long, and four feet in circumference at the middle joint. A spiral staircase within the figure leads up to the head, and there is one also within the arm leading to the up-lifted torch, on whose ledge fifteen persons can find comfortable standing room.

In constructing this metal statue, two things had to be considered, which, in themselves, seem very trifling, but had they been overlooked, only a few years, comparatively, would have been sufficient to destroy the beauty and permanence of the work. One was that the heat of the sun, which would expand the metal, and pull it all out of shape; and the other was the sea-breeze, which by intruding salt moisture would render every jointing of copper and iron a small electric battery and slowly corrode the two metals, and crumble them into dust. The framework of iron and the copper covering, though securely fastened together, are so constructed that the bolts joining them slip as the outside metal expands in the hot sun, and slip back again when it contracts in the cold. To prevent the generation of electricity, a padding of non-conductible substance is to be inserted at every bolt and rivet so that the metals cannot come in contact with each other.

This statue is a free gift of respect and good will from the people of France to those of America. The pedestal on which the statue is to be raised is to be built with funds raised in this country by private subscription. It is not yet complete, for all the money needed has not been raised, but the work of collection is still going on, and doubtless the needed amount will soon be on hand. Many citizens of wealth have contributed large sums, but the aid of all is invited, and small subscriptions are especially desired, in order that many persons may share in the honor of so noble a work.

Bartholdi's great "Liberty" statue may well rank among the wonders of the world, for in design and achievement it is a marvel of sublime conception nobly wrought out. It is in every way worthy of the grand idea it is meant to symbolize, and no higher praise could be accorded it.

Term Reports.

Owing to the frequent changes of teachers in the country schools, much valuable time has heretofore been lost at the beginning of each term, while the new teacher was getting acquainted with the school and getting it properly classified and organized for work. To, in a measure, obviate this difficulty, a term report has been prepared and placed in the hands of teachers. This report shows the grades the pupil made in the final term examination—if one was held—or the average grades for the term; where the pupil began at the beginning of the term, where he left off, and where he should begin next term, etc., All the facts, that are needed by the new teacher to successfully organize his school, are given. This report should be made in duplicate at the end of each term, and one copy should be filed with the clerk of the Board of Directors, and one in the County Superintendent's office. Directors will do well to see that these reports are made as contemplated.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Three good row boats for sale. Enquire of EDW. N. HOWELL. 688w1

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy does not dry up a cold, but loosens and relieves it It aids expectoration, opens the secretions and frees the system of the poisons of a cold. Its soothing, strengthening and healing powers have won for it the title of the best made. Every one who uses it says its a good medicine. Sold by Turney & Hennessy.

Notice.

Having sold my stock of Flour and Feed, I would like all parties owing me to call at once and settle.
680tf JOHN E. MOYER.

Wood.

Good dry wood for sale, $4.00 delivered.
M. MCROBERTS.

Tillson & Hayden wish to state that they have at last found an article they can sell on its merits. It is with pleasure they guarantee to the public Acker's English remedy as a sure and never failing cure for Asthma, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all LungTroubles.

Sewing.

Rose Jackson, residence on Fifth, west of Peoria street, is prepared to do sewing and dressmaking at her home or by the day. Prices reasonable.
679m6.

Goods at Your Own Prices.

Final closing out sale of Groceries, Crockery and other goods, at the "Star Grocery," at auction, Saturday afternoon, March 13th, and continuing from day to day until sold out. 681w2

Bus Line for Sale.

A. Gage offers at private sale the entire stock of carriages, horses, and harnesses now used in his Hack-Line business.

Farmers Notice.

I have a superior quality of spring wheat for sale for seed. This wheat yielded over twenty bushels per acre last season.
661tf A. G. JUDD.

Barber Shop and Bath Rooms.

D. M. Luker, at the Nachusa House barber shop and bath rooms is always on hand and ready to serve customers.

J. W. Dysart, tax collector of Nachusa Township, can be found at the store of E. A. Bodwell every Saturday. Those wishing to pay taxes will please call.
651tf

Patent Pavement.

Michael Jordan, Esq., has purchased the right to make and lay the Schillinger improved concrete pavement in Lee county, and those who desire such work can call on him for estimates. There is no further controversy as to the rights of parties under patent.

Tilson & Hayden would specially recommend to the ladies Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. As a laxative they have no equal. They are guaranteed to cure Chronic Constipation, Dyspepsia, and all disease arising from a deranged stomach. With the free use of the Tablets, Sick Headache is impossible. 598y1

Tillson & Hayden wish to make an assertion, which they can back with a postive guarantee. It is all about Acker's Blood Elixir. We claim for it superior merits over all other remedies of its kind, and gurrantee for it a postive and sure cure for Rheumatism, Syphillis and all blood disorders. It frees the skin from spots and disease, and leaves the complexion clear Ask us about it. 598y1

Men's White Shirts made to order, at the Hat Store; price $1.25 each.

Latest styles of Stiff Hats at the Hat Store. 683w2

A fifty cent bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is fully equal in intrinsic value to a dollar bottle of any other preparation in use. Sold by Turney & Hennessy. 847 657y1

Driving Gloves at the Hat Store.

Neck wear; newest designes, at the Hat Store. 683w2

GILMORE'S AROMATIC WINE is a positive cure for all those painful complaints so common to all ou bestfemale population. For sale by Tillson & Hayden.

I am prepared to do paper-hanging, kalsomining, graining and house painting in a neat and workman like manner. Orders left at Tilson & Hayden's will receive prompt attention.
680m1 J C MAXSON.

Dying and Cleaning

Of all kinds, on Second street, west of arch, by S. LATHROP.

John C. Rouse, Druggist, Urbana, Ia., Says: "Every body that knows Chamberlains Cough Remedy, wants it in preference to any other." Sold by Turney & Hennessy

TO RENT.

Blacksmith shop and tools.
853w2 687w1 JOHN HESS.

Cure your cold while you can, Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will do it. Sold by Turney & Hennessy

Have you a cough? Sleepless nights need no longer trouble you. The use of Ayre's Cherry Pectoral, before retiring, will soothe the cough, allay the inflammation, and allow needed repose. It will, moreover, heal the pulmonary organs, and give you health.

EVERYBODY!

Who sees the new

CHICAGO LAMP

SAYS it gives the Nicest, Whitest and Strongest Light of any now on The Market.

B. B. HIGGINS

SOLE AGENT.

Hack Line

—TO—

ANY PART OF THE CITY

Alonzo Gage

Desires to inform his friends that orders for hacks to any part of the city; for parties and funerals will receive prompt attention. Hacks make

Regular Trips to All Trains.

Charles Cupp is now driving for another firm, and therefore orders given him do not reach me.

J. P. LUDEWICK

The East Main Street

LIVERY STABLE,

Has the Finest Assortment of Horses and Carriages IN THE CITY.

Temrs Reasonable for Cash

Also office of RAMSEY & DEMENTS TILE FACTORY.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS

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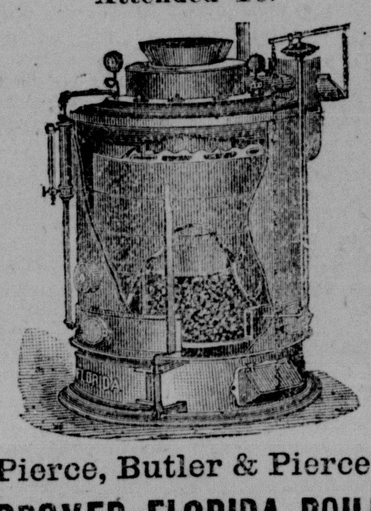
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Something New and Practical!

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